



Meeting of the

# TOWER HAMLETS COUNCIL

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Wednesday, 17 April 2013 at 7.45 p.m.

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## SUPPLEMENTAL AGENDA

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### VENUE

Council Chamber, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor,  
Town Hall, Mulberry Place,  
5 Clove Crescent,  
London E14 2BG

#### **Democratic Services Contact:**

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**TO THE MAYOR AND COUNCILLORS OF THE LONDON BOROUGH OF TOWER  
HAMLETS**

You are summoned to attend a meeting of the Council of the London Borough of Tower Hamlets to be held in **THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, 1ST FLOOR, TOWN HALL, MULBERRY PLACE, 5 CLOVE CRESCENT, LONDON, E14 2BG** at **7.45 p.m.** on **WEDNESDAY, 17 APRIL 2013**

Stephen Halsey  
**Acting Head of Paid Service**

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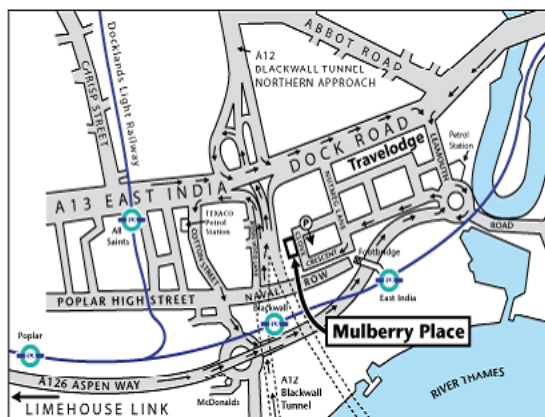
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**LONDON BOROUGH OF TOWER HAMLETS**

**COUNCIL**

**WEDNESDAY, 17 APRIL 2013**

**7.45 p.m.**

- |             |  |                |
|-------------|--|----------------|
| <b>9 .5</b> | <b>Review of Virement Rules</b>  | <b>1 - 30</b>  |
|             | To receive any recommendations from the General Purposes Committee on this matter (report to follow – an extraordinary meeting of the General Purposes Committee has been arranged for 10 <sup>th</sup> April 2013). |                |
| <b>11.1</b> | <b>Calendar of Meetings 2013/14</b>  | <b>31 - 34</b> |
|             | To agree the calendar of Council, committee etc meetings for 2013/14. The report of the Service Head, Democratic Services is attached.   |                |

## LONDON BOROUGH OF TOWER HAMLETS

### COUNCIL MEETING

WEDNESDAY 17<sup>th</sup> APRIL 2013 – AGENDA ITEM 9.5

#### REFERENCE FROM GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE: REVIEW OF VIREMENT RULES

#### Reasons for Urgency

This report was not circulated with the Council agenda nor available for inspection within the timescales set out in the Authority's constitution because of the short period available to compile the report following the meeting of the General Purposes Committee on 10<sup>th</sup> April 2013. The report is nevertheless recommended for consideration at this meeting in order to fulfil the instructions of the General Purposes Committee and ensure that there is no delay to the review of Virement Rules previously agreed by Members.

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The amendments agreed at the Budget Council Meeting on 7<sup>th</sup> March 2013 included a proposal to reduce the financial limit above which virements must be agreed by the Council from £1m to £200k. 'Virement' is the process of transferring resources from one budget to another where the object is to change the purpose for which the funding is applied. The virement arrangements are set out in the Financial Procedure Rules at Part 4.8 of the Council's constitution.
- 1.2 Officers advised that this matter could not be considered at the Budget Council meeting as procedures and regulations make it clear that Budget Council is for financial matters not constitutional matters. The Constitution requires that any proposed constitutional changes are referred to General Purposes Committee with full officer comments in order that all parties can be consulted prior to being reported to Council.
- 1.3 Accordingly, General Purposes Committee met on 27<sup>th</sup> March to consider the matter and agreed a number of proposals that the Committee were minded to make subject to a further officer report. A further meeting of the Committee was held on 10<sup>th</sup> April to consider that report.
- 1.4 A copy of the officers' report to the General Purposes Committee on 10<sup>th</sup> April is attached at Appendix 'A'. The report set out the statutory guidance in relation to virement rules, the existing rules and practice at Tower Hamlets and a comparison with other similar authorities. It recommended that the Committee

note the actions taken in line with a previous decision of the Council to establish a review of virement delegations; and proposed a range of options for a temporary change to the virement limits until full Council on 26<sup>th</sup> June pending the outcome of the review.

## **2. DECISION OF THE GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE**

- 2.1 The Committee considered the attached officer report. Members considered that the full review of virement arrangements could most effectively be undertaken in the context of the overall governance review to be carried out with the support of the LGA rather than by a separate exercise with an independent adviser on local government financial procedures, and that any interim changes should remain in place pending the outcome of that review rather than only until June 2013.
- 2.2 The Committee sought clarification on the approximate number of virements which were currently reported to the Cabinet. Officers advised that an audit of such decisions would need to take place to give an exact figure; and that some virements were contained in individual Cabinet reports relating to a specific policy or use of funding, others in Capital Programme reports and some in the Record of Corporate Director Actions noting reports. However, it was thought to be approximately 50-60 per year.
- 2.3 Having considered the contents of the report, the advice of officers and the recommended decisions set out therein, the Committee adjourned to consider an amended recommendation proposed by the Chair, and upon reconvening unanimously **RESOLVED:-**

To adopt the following resolution in order to provide greater confidence in the Budget Procedure and the integrity of the Council's oversight of the budget including virements:

1. To recommend to Council that it amend the Constitution to change the level at which virements need to be agreed by Council from £1m to £250,000, the level at which virements are currently agreed by Cabinet.
2. To recommend that Council delegates its power to approve or disapprove virements to the General Purposes Committee to discharge on Council's behalf.
3. To recommend to Council that any virement below the £250,000 limit to a budget to which virements totalling £250,000 have previously been made for the same purpose, should also be agreed by the General Purposes Committee.
4. That the Constitutional change would include a point in the Terms of Reference for the General Purposes Committee granting them the power to refer a decision of the approval or disapproval of a virement to full Council should they deem it necessary.

5. To request officers to identify and draft the necessary changes to the Constitution in order to facilitate the above and that this report be brought to the next Council meeting on 17<sup>th</sup> April 2013 for Council to consider and make a final decision.
6. That the Local Government Association (LGA) be asked to consider the issue of the level of Council approval for virements as part of their governance review.
7. To recommend that the new Constitutional arrangements would stand until such time as Council amends this section of the Constitution to change the limit.
8. That the independent review previously proposed by the Council be postponed, awaiting the outcome of the LGA governance review.
9. To recommend that the Head of Paid Service be delegated the necessary emergency powers as referred to by officers in their report for use in extraordinary situations.
10. That a procedure be adopted for officers to write to the members of the General Purposes Committee regarding any proposed virement that is subject to the Committee's agreement and only call a meeting if receipted objections are received to the virement.

### **3. MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION**

- 3.1 Statutory guidance applies to the arrangements for agreeing the Council's budget framework and financial procedures and it is necessary to assess any proposed change in the context of that guidance and the advice of the statutory officers, which is set out in the report below.
- 3.2 This report sets out the implications of introducing a delegated cumulative virement limit of £250,000 as proposed by the General Purposes Committee. The Constitutional changes required to implement the Committee's recommendations have been drafted and are set out at paragraph 9.

### **4. RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 4.1 The Council is recommended:-
  1. To consider the recommendations of the General Purposes Committee at paragraph 2.3 (1 – 10) above in the light of the officer advice at sections 5 to 8 of this report overleaf.
  2. If having considered the officer advice in this report the Council is minded to agree the proposals of the General Purposes Committee, to agree the Constitutional changes set out at section 9 of this report.

## **5. BACKGROUND AND STATUTORY GUIDANCE**

- 5.1 Virement rules are a key part of a Council's budget arrangements and are essential for the effective and efficient management of the authority. It is a matter for the Full Council to decide, on the advice of General Purposes Committee, how its Constitution should be framed in relation to the delegated powers relating to virement. In framing these rules, the General Purposes Committee and Full Council must take account of statutory guidance and the response of the Section 151 Finance Officer and legal advice. Officers' objective in supporting the Full Council to make these decisions is to enable Members to take into account all relevant matters and to discard all irrelevant matters so as to arrive at a solution which is within the law and allows for the efficient and effective management of public resources.
- 5.2 Statutory Guidance issued by the Secretary of State in connection with the Local Government Act 2000 was included at Appendix A to the report to General Purposes Committee on 19<sup>th</sup> April (attached). The general tone of the guidance is enabling. It expresses the view that authorities should enable the executive (ie in Tower Hamlets, the Mayor) to take any decision which is contrary to or not wholly in accordance with the budget providing that any additional costs incurred can be offset by additional income, funds or savings. The rules should take account of the need for urgent action to be taken. Furthermore authorities should not set their budget plans or financial regulations so narrowly as to require too many Full Council meetings.
- 5.3 CIPFA's guidance "Financial Regulations – A Good Practice Guide for English Modern Authorities" (which does not, however, recommend particular financial limits) defines the scheme of virement as "intended to enable the executive, chief officers and their staff to manage budgets with a degree of flexibility within the overall policy framework determined by the full council, and therefore to optimise the use of resources".
- 5.4 The spirit of guidance is that the financial rules in relation to flexibility over the budget should be established for the purposes of efficient and effective management of the Council's resources. Nowhere does guidance indicate that the purpose of the rules should be to exercise political control over the Executive.
- 5.5 In limiting the level of virements cumulatively in this manner there is a risk that managers will not be able to properly manage their services and this may have an impact on front line services

## **6. PRACTICAL ISSUES**

- 6.1. The authority does not currently maintain a central register of all virements, on the basis that detailed financial management decisions are clearly delegated to Corporate Directors. An exercise is currently being undertaken to identify the typical level of virements that take place at various monetary levels in the course of a year. Initial indications are that if Full Council retained a virement limit of £250,000 to itself this could result in being required to take several such



decisions at each meeting of the Council. This would add to the decision-making requirements on Full Council and compress further the already limited time available for policy debate and/or lead to a requirement for additional meetings of the full Council. The General Purposes Committee has recognised this in adopting officers' recommendation that Full Council delegates to General Purposes Committee virements below the current limit of £1 million.

- 6.2 The current upper limit for virement delegated to Corporate Directors is £250,000. Adopting a virement limit for Full Council of £250,000 therefore removes the delegated authority given to the Executive Mayor and/or Cabinet between £250,000 and £1 million. In view of the statutory guidance that the financial rules should enable the Executive to take decisions, this may not be a reasonable recommendation by Council. This supports the need for a wider-ranging look at the virement rules which the review proposed needs to cover.
- 6.3 As set out in the report to General Purposes Committee, a number of other London Boroughs do not set explicit financial limits for virement but base their delegations solely on considerations around the Budget & Policy Framework. The significance of this is that Full Council should be more concerned about virements that involve significant changes in policy priority than those that are simply concerned with rebalancing budgets during the financial year. The London Borough of Harrow recognises this by setting different rules for virements which are permanent – ie more likely to reflect a policy change - from those which are temporary. There are, in practice, many different ways of managing virements and officers' advice is that these should be which need to be considered as part of the review.

## 7. COMMENTS OF THE MONITORING OFFICER

- 7.1 The Constitution represents the rules under which the Council has agreed to operate. It does not override the general law. The Council does have a statutory duty by virtue of Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 to make arrangements for the proper administration of financial affairs and that they appoint one of their officers to have responsibility for financial administration. The Section 151 officer has agreed the rules in the Council's Standing Orders "The Finance Procedure Rules" which demonstrate that arrangements are in place to satisfy the act.
- 7.2 In making a decision on the virement limits the Council needs to take into account the statutory guidance issued by DCLG as set out in Appendix A of the General Purposes report in particular from para 2.40 **"Once the budget has been adopted by the full Council, the Executive will need to be able to respond quickly in changing circumstances which might require reallocation of funds from one service to another. A local authority's standing orders or financial rules/regulations will need, therefore, to include reasonable provision to allow the Executive to reallocate monies within the budget [virements]. These provisions will also need to allow for situations where the Executive needs to make an urgent decision which would otherwise be contrary to the Budget without reference to full Council"**.

- 7.3 **It is difficult to see how that guidance has been taken into account in the proposals from General Purposes Committee as the Executive will have no additional powers over those set for officers.**
- 7.4 The Council's power to make Procedure Rules derives from Section 106 of the Local Government Act 1972 or from the power to make Executive arrangements under the Local Government Act 2000. That power to make its own internal rules is subject to statute law, and the Council can only exercise that power lawfully if it does so in accordance with wider statute. If the Council's procedure rules or Executive arrangements conflict with the Executive powers or statute law then the statute law will prevail.
- 7.5 The **cumulative** virement limit was proposed by motion at the General Purposes Committee meeting without prior consultation with officers or with the Executive. Officers had no time to consult on it and to consider properly the implications of it. This note sets out some of the practical considerations and the impact it will have on the day to day operations of the Council. Members need to demonstrate that these considerations have been taken into account in making their decision which needs to follow the Wednesbury reasonableness rules as set out in paragraph 7.11 below.
- 7.6 Recent case law on the powers of a Council to restrict the actions of an elected Mayor indicates that it could be unlawful for full Council to seek to do so. The High Court Judge in the case of *Buck v Doncaster MBC* stated "neither the full Council nor the Overview and Scrutiny Committee can direct the Mayor as to how executive functions ought to be exercised except in limited circumstances". Those limited circumstances relate to "the function of approving or adopting the budget and the policy framework, where the decision is wholly or partly contrary to the budget or policy framework.
- 7.7 In that case the Executive Mayor had proposed in his budget proposals the closure of two libraries. The Council amended the budget and provided resources to keep the libraries open. The Mayor carried out his plans to close the libraries and his decision was challenged by means of a judicial review brought by a local resident. The case considered in detail the powers of an Executive Mayor and Full Council. **The Judge stated "it would be a remarkable invasion of the Executive function of the Mayor if, as part of the budgeting process the full Cabinet could interfere and reverse such an Executive decision". "The Budgeting process does not allow Full Council to micro manage the authority's functions and interfere with the Executive functions of the Mayor and Cabinet".**
- 7.8 Whilst the case dealt with the proposal to increase the Budget, the review of the law and the principals apply to the proposals over virements. There is a process set out in the constitution to challenge any decision that they consider may be contrary to the Budget and Policy Framework which the Overview and Scrutiny Committee are aware of and have invoked. So there is no reason to make the proposed changes in haste at this meeting rather that wait for a full review and consultation that includes the Executive. The amendments proposed to the

virement rules may be considered as an interference with the Executive functions as they do not permit the Executive to fulfil the DCLG statutory guidance in having power to deal with emergency situations or reasonable powers to reallocate monies within budget.

- 7.9 The Council must **reasonably** decide whether the proposed virement limit meets the requirement at 7.2 above, bearing in mind relevant matters such as the practice in other local authorities, and consider whether the process that has been undertaken thus far puts the Council in a position to make a decision or whether the matter should be referred for further review. The full guidance is set out at Appendix A to the report to GP Committee (attached) and Members should familiarise themselves with it.
- 7.10 There has only been a short time available to produce draft Constitutional Amendments and these amendments to the constitution have not gone through the normal consultation process. Moreover, it is possible that instituting a permanent change could have unforeseen consequences if insufficient time has been allowed to consider all the Constitutional issues.
- 7.11 In all its decision making the Council must act reasonably (usually called the Wednesbury reasonableness test arising from a 1947 case which remains good law). That test is
- in making that decision, has the decision making body taken into account factors that ought not to have been taken into account, or
  - did it fail to take into account factors that ought to have been taken into account, or
  - the decision was so unreasonable that no reasonable authority would ever consider imposing it.

Failure to act reasonably can result in a judicial review action being brought against the authority. If the Council adopts the proposals by GP Committee without the benefit of full consultation and the LGA review it is the view of the officers that it is not acting reasonably.

- 7.12 The Council previously decided to set up a working group to review the limits and this would provide an opportunity to
- compare the limits with other boroughs who have a similar sized budget and
  - consider the guidance in paragraph 3.2
  - take into account best practice in setting virement limits.

This would enable the working group to devise reasoned proposals for consideration by full Council. It would also ensure that all necessary factors are taken into account so the Wednesbury reasonableness test can be satisfied

## **8. COMMENTS OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

- 8.1 The report sets out General Purposes Committee's recommended changes to way financial limits to virement decisions is delegated by the Council. There are a number of practical issues arising that were set out in the report to the General Purposes Committee (as attached) along with the factors that the Council should take into account in coming to a decision.
- 8.2 The process of transferring resources from one purpose to another ('virement') is a process normally concerned with the effective management of the Council's resources over the course of a year and is consequently normally an executive decision. Budget transfers which may have a significant policy implication are identified in Tower Hamlets' Constitution by setting a financial limit above which decisions are not delegated.
- 8.3 The Council has previously determined to set up a working group comprising a representative of the Executive, the majority party and other political groupings, senior officers and an independent advisor to consider the budget making and virement arrangements of the Council and to make appropriate recommendations to Full Council. General Purposes Committee noted the steps taken to initiate that review - working with the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy to identify and appoint a suitably qualified practitioner, with a timetable in place to complete the review in time for consideration by General Purposes Committee and Full Council before the end of June 2013. This referral from the General Purposes Committee meeting of 10th April asks Full Council to postpone that independent review pending outcome of the LGA governance review. Members should note that this proposal would inevitably delay that process.
- 8.4 The proposals would delegate virements below the current threshold of £1m which are currently undertaken by the Mayor (i.e. those between £250,000 and £1m) to the General Purposes Committee. The proposed reduction with the restriction on being cumulative accords more with the delegation limits of a District Council rather than an Inner London Borough. Officers have concerns that this may be contrary to statutory guidance and would recommend that any changes should be implemented following a proper review, or temporarily to allow for proper review and consultation before the Constitution is permanently changed. In taking the decision without the benefit of a proper review, Members are advised that there could be unintended financial consequences.
- 8.5 Under Section 28 of the Local Government Act 2003 there is an obligation on the Chief Financial Officer to keep the authorities finances under review during the year and take action if there is evidence that financial pressures will result in an overspend or if there is a shortfall in income. The ability for transparent executive decision making, with the existing virement limit, enables the authority to adapt appropriately to the risk of this happening. It means officers are able to put forward proposals in the knowledge that executive decisions can be effectively taken. Reducing this limit to £250,000 could prevent an effective response to any

significant budget problem if there is a failure to agree the remedial actions between the Executive and Members of the General Purposes Committee.

- 8.6 There are other circumstances, for example with regard to effective management of services and the Council's agreed capital programme, whereby an overly restrictive virement limit could adversely impact on service delivery, lead to project delays and increased project costs. It could also restrict the flexibility required to maximise use of resources. These potential constraints to the Council's ability to effectively discharge its duties could be compounded by the proposal to introduce a cumulative limit, putting services at risk. It is with these issues in mind that the Section 151 Officer is unable to recommend that any decision to change virement limits be considered without a full review and consultation process.
- 8.7 Where a lower delegated limit is adopted, it is important that emergencies are properly catered for so that constitutional decisions can be taken without reference to Committee to minimise the risk of the Chief Financial Officer and Monitoring Officer having to invoke statutory powers.

## **9. CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS**

- 9.1 The amendments that would be required to the Council's Constitution in order to give effect to the recommendations of the General Purposes Committee at section 2.3 of the report are set out below:-

### **Part 3.3.6 – General Purposes Committee**

Insert new function (vi):- *“On behalf of the Council to approve or disapprove any proposal made by the Executive or a Chief Officer for a virement of money which under the Financial Procedure Rules requires the approval of the Council. The Committee may at its discretion refer the approval or disapproval of any such virement to the full Council for decision.*

*Procedure for consideration of virements by the General Purposes Committee:-*

- In order to avoid unnecessary additional meetings of the Committee, where a virement is proposed that requires the approval of the General Purposes Committee, the Corporate Director – Resources shall notify the Service Head – Democratic Services of the proposed virement and the Service Head – Democratic Services shall in turn notify Members of the General Purposes Committee of the proposed virement and the deadline for any objections to that virement.*
- The deadline shall not be sooner than three clear working days from the date of notification.*
- Any Member of the General Purposes Committee who requires the proposed virement to be considered at a meeting of the Committee shall before the deadline deliver a written request to the Service Head – Democratic Services and the Service Head will then place the item on the agenda for the next ordinary meeting of the Committee or if necessary an extraordinary meeting.*

- *If no such requests are received before the deadline, the proposed virement shall be deemed approved and the Service Head – Democratic Services shall inform the Corporate Director – Resources accordingly.*

Renumber remaining paragraphs as (vii) and (viii).

#### **Part 4.6 – Financial Procedure Rules: Section 3 ‘Virement Rules’**

3.3.1: Amend to read:- “All individual virement proposals that exceed £250,000 require the approval of the Council *or a committee to which the Council may from time to time delegate this function.*”

3.3.2 Delete this paragraph [which currently provides that ‘Individual virements between £250k and £1m must be reported to the Cabinet for decision’] and replace with “*any virement below the £250,000 limit to a budget to which virements totalling £250,000 have previously been made in the current financial year for the same purpose, also requires the approval of the Council or a committee to which the Council has delegated this function.*”

3.3.3: Amend to read:- “Individual virements below £250k can be authorised by the *Mayor or* relevant Chief Officer provided that any virement so authorised *by a Chief Officer* which exceeds £100k must be subsequently reported to the Cabinet for noting.”

Insert new para 3.6:- “Emergency powers of the Head of Paid Service: - The Head of Paid Service may authorise a virement of any amount where it appears to him that this is necessary to ensure public safety or to protect the interest of the Council or the borough. Any virement agreed by the Head of Paid Service in accordance with this provision shall be reported for information to the next Ordinary Council Meeting including the amount of the virement, the budget heads affected and the reason(s) for urgency.

#### **10. IMPLICATIONS FOR ONE TOWER HAMLETS**

- 10.1 There are no direct One Tower Hamlets implications arising from the matters covered in this report.

#### **11. RISK MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS**

- 11.1 Appropriate virement arrangements and financial procedures play a key part in the avoidance of risk by enabling flexibility for the council to respond quickly to service and other needs.

#### **12. STRATEGIC ACTION FOR A GREENER ENVIRONMENT (SAGE)**

- 12.1 There are no direct SAGE implications arising from the matters covered in this report.

### **13. IMPLICATIONS FOR THE REDUCTION OF CRIME AND DISORDER**

13.1 There are no direct implications for the reduction of crime and disorder arising from the matters covered in this report.

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#### **LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1972 SECTION 100D (AS AMENDED)**

##### **LIST OF "BACKGROUND PAPERS" USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS REPORT**

<b>Brief description of background papers:</b>	<b>Name and telephone number of holder and address where open to inspection</b>
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- None





## APPENDIX 'A'

Committee	Date	Classification	Report No.	Agenda Item No.
<b>Extraordinary General Purposes Committee</b>	<b>10<sup>th</sup> April 2013</b>	<b>Unrestricted</b>		
Report of: <b>Service Head – Democratic Services Acting Corporate Director (Resources)</b>	Title: <b>Review of Virement Rules- Follow-up Report</b>			
Originating Officer(s): <b>John Williams Chris Holme</b>	Ward(s) affected: <b>All</b>			

### Reasons for Urgency

This report was not circulated with the Committee agenda nor available for inspection within the timescales set out in the Authority's constitution because of the short period available to compile the report following the meeting of the General Purposes Committee on 27<sup>th</sup> March 2013. The report is nevertheless recommended for consideration at this meeting in order to ensure that there is no delay to the review of Virement Rules agreed by Members in accordance with the decision of the Council.

### **1. SUMMARY**

1.1 General Purposes Committee on 27<sup>th</sup> March considered a report on the review of virement rules relating to the Council's budgets. 'Virement' is the process of transferring resources from one budget to another where the object is to change the purpose for which the funding is applied.

1.2. The Committee agreed;

1.2.1. That the Committee is minded to recommend to full Council that it amend the Authority's Constitution to change the level at which virements need to be agreed by full Council from £1 million to £200,000;

1.2.2. That the Committee is minded to recommend that full Council delegates its power to approve virements to the Overview and Scrutiny Committee to discharge on full Council's behalf;

1.2.3. That any such constitutional change would include a point in the Terms of Reference for the Overview and Scrutiny Committee granting them the power to

refer a decision of the approval of a virement to full Council should they deem it necessary;

1.2.4.. That officers be requested to identify and draft the necessary changes to the constitution in order to facilitate the above; that it be requested that a report detailing these changes, and officers assessment of the impact they would have, be brought to an extraordinary GP Committee to be convened on 10th April 2013 at 6.30pm. This would be to allow the full Council meeting on the 17th of April 2013 to consider the issue and make a decision that remains in place until the full Council meeting on 26th June 2013; and

1.2.5. That the Local Government Association and London Councils be asked to consider the issue of virement rules as part of their current governance review at Tower Hamlets.

- 1.3. Statutory guidance applies to the arrangements for agreeing the Council's budget framework and financial procedures and it is necessary to assess any proposed change in the context of that guidance and the advice of the statutory officers.
- 1.4. This report sets out the practical implications of introducing a delegated virement limit of £200,000 as proposed at the last meeting. The Constitutional changes to provide a decision making body, namely the General Purpose Committee, have been drafted and are attached at Appendix C.
- 1.5 Committee also agreed to ask the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) to help identify and appoint a suitable qualified and experienced practitioner to act as the independent advisor to the working group. This report sets out the proposed timetable and terms of reference for the review.

## **2. RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 2.1 That the committee note the actions taken to establish a review of virement delegations.
- 2.2. That General Purposes Committee recommends to the Council that virement limits are temporarily changed until full Council on 26<sup>th</sup> June and that the Constitution is temporarily amended until full Council on 26<sup>th</sup> June 2013 as provided in Appendix C to reduce the virement limit to:-

Option 1 £200,000;

Option 2 a level between £250,000 and £1,000,000; or

Option 3 leave the limit at £1,000,000 pending the outcome of the review;

and in the case of Option 1 and 2 to make provision for dealing with emergencies as also set out in Appendix C.

### **3. BACKGROUND AND STATUTORY GUIDANCE**

- 3.1 Virement rules are a key part of a Council's budget arrangements and are essential for the effective and efficient management of the authority. It is a matter for the Full Council to decide, on the advice of General Purposes Committee, how its Constitution should be framed in relation to the delegated powers relating to virement. In framing these rules, the General Purposes Committee and Full Council must take account of statutory guidance and other relevant considerations. Officers' objective in supporting the Full Council to make these decisions is to enable Members to take into account all relevant matters and to discard all irrelevant matters so as to arrive at a solution which is within the law and allows for the efficient and effective management of public resources.
- 3.2 Statutory Guidance issued by the Secretary of State in connection with the Local Government Act 2000 is set out at Appendix A.
- 3.3. The general tone of the guidance is enabling. It expresses the view that authorities should enable the executive (ie in Tower Hamlets, the Mayor) to take any decision which is contrary to or not wholly in accordance with the budget providing that any additional costs incurred can be offset by additional income, funds or savings. The rules should take account of the need for urgent action to be taken. Furthermore authorities should not set their budget plans or financial regulations so narrowly as to require too many Full Council meetings.
- 3.4. CIPFA's guidance "Financial Regulations – A Good Practice Guide for English Modern Authorities" (which does not, however, recommend particular financial limits) defines the scheme of virement as "intended to enable the executive, chief officers and their staff to manage budgets with a degree of flexibility within the overall policy framework determined by the full council, and therefore to optimise the use of resources".
- 3.5. The spirit of guidance is that the financial rules in relation to flexibility over the budget should be established for the purposes of efficient and effective management of the Council's resources. Nowhere does guidance indicate that the purpose of the rules should be to exercise political control over the Executive.

### **4. TOWER HAMLETS' EXISTING VIREMENT RULES**

- 4.1 The Council's existing virement rules are set out in the Financial Procedure Rules at part 4.6 of the Constitution as follows:-

#### **"3. VIREMENT RULES**

- 3.1 *These rules aim to allow the Executive to manage the budget once it has been approved by Council, whilst also providing for good governance of financial matters.*

- 3.2 *A virement is the transfer of resources from one budget head to another, during a financial year. It is thus the financial consequence of a change in priority of service delivery or in the means by which services are delivered. It can also be the use of resources provided within the budget framework but which are not allocated for any specific purpose e.g. unallocated contingency. A virement will naturally flow from, and be part of, a decision.*
- 3.3 *The Executive shall have the power to vire resources within each of the above components of the Budget Framework agreed by Council, subject to the following limitations:*
- 3.3.1 *All individual virement proposals that exceed £1 million require the approval of full Council.*
- 3.3.2 *Individual virements between £250,000 and £1 million must be reported to the Cabinet for decision.*
- 3.3.3 *Individual virements below £250,000 can be authorised by the relevant Corporate Director/Chief Officer provided that any virement so authorised which exceeds £100,000 must be subsequently reported to the Cabinet for noting.*
- 3.3.4 *No virement to or from the following budgets (irrespective of the amount proposed) shall be made without the specific agreement of the Corporate Director, Resources:*
- (i) Capital Financing (not normally available for virement)*
  - (ii) Support service and other forms of internal charges (to avoid unintended impact upon other departments' budget).*
  - (iii) Rates (to ensure compliance with rating legislation).*
  - (iv) Insurance (to ensure compliance with insurance policies).*
  - (v) Pensions (to ensure compliance with Pensions regulations).*

3.4 *Virements between Departments*

*The use of resources from one department to finance activities in another must be authorised by the Council or the Cabinet (depending on the level of resources involved) but the decision should only be made after advice from the relevant Corporate Directors and the Corporate Director Resources. However, where the responsibility for a service(s) is merely transferred from one department to another, the consequent transfer of budget resources is not deemed to be a virement for the purposes of these Rules.*

### 3.5 Virements – Non-Financial Consequences

*The virement Rules refer only to the financial consequences of proposals and decisions by the Executive. However, such proposals and decisions can also impact upon services and upon the community. This needs to be acknowledged when determining the procedural arrangements for those proposals and decisions, for example they may represent a “key decision”.*

## 5. COMPARISON WITH OTHER SIMILAR AUTHORITIES

- 5.1. A brief exercise has been carried out to compare Tower Hamlets’ current arrangements with those of the majority of other London Boroughs. This information is based on a desk-top exercise and further work would need to be done as part of the proposed review but comparison with London Boroughs is most appropriate because they are closest in their nature and complexity to this authority. Particular attention should perhaps be paid to the other three Inner London authorities that operate within a Mayoral model; Hackney, Lewisham and Newham.
- 5.2. The table at Appendix B sets out the rules that London Boroughs adopt in relation to virement decisions by Full Council. Three main points arise;
- There are essentially two approaches that Councils adopt. One is to set a financial limit above which virement decisions must be referred to Full Council. The other is to base these referrals on the Council’s budget & policy framework as set out in its Constitution, without setting a specific limit. In these authorities, the decision is presumably taken on the basis of whether the decision materially departs from the budget & policy framework approved by the Council.
  - Among those authorities which adopt a financial limit, £200,000 would be the lowest in London. Only two authorities, Hillingdon and Richmond, both Outer London Boroughs (with significantly smaller budgets than Tower Hamlets) currently have a limit of £250,000.
  - Of the three other authorities with a Mayoral model, one does not use a financial virement limit and the other two have a limit of £500,000 above which the matter is reserved for Full Council.
- 5.3. Whichever method is adopted, the concern of Full Council should be to ensure that decisions taken by the Executive are in accordance with the Budget & Policy Framework, and the use of a financial limit is at least in part a proxy to identify those larger issues which are more likely to have a policy implication.
- 5.4. In making a decision on the appropriate limit factors which should be taken into account are the ratios of the virement limits to the overall budgets and the need for speedy authorisation of unplanned expenditure.

## 6. PRACTICE IN TOWER HAMLETS

- 6.1. The authority does not currently maintain a central register of all virements, on the basis that detailed financial management decisions are clearly delegated to Corporate Directors. An exercise is currently being undertaken to identify the typical level of virements that take place at various monetary levels in the course of a year. Initial indications are that a delegated virement limit of £200,000 could result in Full Council being required to take several such decisions at each ordinary meeting of the Council unless the power is delegated in some way. This would add to the decision-making requirements on Full Council and compress further the already limited time available for policy debate and/or lead to a requirement for additional meetings of the full Council..
- 6.2. A number of other practical issues would arise from a virement limit set at £200,000,
- 6.2.1. The current upper limit for virement delegated to Corporate Directors is £250,000. Adopting a virement limit for Full Council of £200,000 therefore automatically reduces officers' delegation limit and removes the delegated authority given to the Mayor and Cabinet. In view of the statutory guidance that the financial rules should enable the Executive to take decisions, it would be inappropriate to let this happen. This therefore implies the need for a wider-ranging look at the virement rules which the planned review will cover.
- 6.2.2. The decision of the last General Purposes Committee indicated that Overview & Scrutiny Committee might be considered to have a role in the approval of virements. The role of O&S as set out in the Constitution is to:
- (i) Review and/or scrutinise decisions made or actions taken in connection with the discharge of any of the Council's functions.
  - (ii) Advise the Mayor or Cabinet of key issues/questions arising in relation to reports due to be considered by the Mayor or Cabinet.
  - (iii) Make reports and/or recommendations to the full Council and/or the Mayor or Cabinet in connection with the discharge of any functions.
  - (iv) Consider any matter affecting the area or its inhabitants.
  - (iv) Exercise the right to call in for reconsideration decisions made but not yet implemented by the Executive.
  - (v) Refer any report it receives with implications for ethical standards to the Standards Committee for its consideration.

The Local Government Act 2000, section 21 (4) states that an Overview and Scrutiny Committee may not discharge any functions of the authority other than the overview and scrutiny functions listed in that section.

It would therefore be inappropriate for the Overview & Scrutiny Committee to be involved in taking Executive decisions other than in a scrutiny and advisory context as this would compromise the Committee's

independence in regard to scrutiny matters. For example, O&S would not be in a position to call a call in of its own decision in relation to a virement. Although it might be appropriate to identify another Committee with executive powers to play a role in the virement process, it is not considered that O&S would be the right forum. In the light of this, officers have drafted changes to the constitution to appoint General Purposes Committee to approve virements over the limit that is set.

6.2.3. The statutory guidance makes particular mention of emergency actions. The current Constitution does not contain specific reference to emergency powers for officers because it is considered that the financial rules provide sufficient flexibility for this to be an issue. If the virement limit for Council was reduced, however, it would be necessary for Full Council to consider whether the Constitution should provide for specific emergency powers for officers to act without calling a Full Council meeting and this would need to be part of the review. As part of the temporary arrangements the amendments to the constitution provide that this will be General Purposes Committee which can be called at short notice.

6.3. As set out in Section 5, a number of other London Boroughs do not set explicit financial limits for virement but base their delegations solely on considerations around the Budget & Policy Framework. The significance of this is that Full Council should be more concerned about virements that involve significant changes in policy priority than those that are simply concerned with rebalancing budgets during the financial year. The London Borough of Harrow recognises this by setting different rules for virements which are permanent – ie more likely to reflect a policy change - from those which are temporary. There are, in practice, many different ways of managing virements which need to be considered as part of the review.

## **7. REVISED CONSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS**

7.1. The last General Purposes Committee asked officers to prepare draft changes to the Constitution to be implemented at the next Full Council meeting. As there has only been a short time available an initial draft of the Constitutional Amendments has been prepared. It should be noted that these amendments to the constitution have not gone through the normal consultation process.

7.2. The report gives Members three options to set a temporary virement limit until consideration of the review at Council on 26<sup>th</sup> June 2013. The practical difficulties of reducing the limit to £200,000 (Option 1) are set out in the report as it would be the lowest limit of all the London Boroughs and is unlikely to satisfy the requirements of the statutory guidance in allowing urgent actions to be taken. In officers' view an urgency procedure would be required if this option was taken in order to ensure that the Council could act expeditiously in the event of emergency.

Option 2 would reduce the current delegated limit to a level between £250,000 and £1,000,000, a level more commensurate with the current virement arrangements than Option 1 and more consistent with that of other London Authorities. A level set above £250,000 would allow for the executive to have a higher level than officer authorisation. In recommending a level, should it choose to do so, the Committee should have due regard to the guidance and consider the need for an urgency procedure.

Option 3 is the 'do nothing' option and requires no changes to be made to the Constitution pending consideration of the review.

- 7.3 In all three options, any virement over the limit chosen would be referred to General Purposes Committee for a decision. This is likely to require additional meetings but the frequency and practicality of this can be reassessed and considered as part of the review.

## **8. THE PROPOSED REVIEW**

- 8.1 Any change to the virement rules represents an amendment to the Council's Constitution. Article 15.02 of the Constitution states that "Changes to the Constitution will only be approved by the full Council after consideration of the proposal by the Monitoring Officer." In addition the Chief Finance Officer has a statutory role to advise the Council on financial management matters.
- 8.2 The Council has previously decided that a working group shall be established comprising a representative of the Executive, the majority and the other political groupings, senior officers and an independent adviser to undertake a review of the Council's budget making and virement arrangements and make recommendations.
- 8.3 The Acting Corporate Director, Resources has taken steps to initiate this review. CIPFA have been asked to suggest suitable practitioners, with experience at the highest executive level of running a large public organisation, to act as the independent adviser. Nominations are sought from the Mayor and Political Groups of Councillors to join the working group along with the statutory officers to undertake the review.
- 8.4 As agreed by the Council, the terms of reference for the review will be to consider the budget making and virement arrangements of the Council and make recommendations to the Council through the appropriate channel.
- 8.5 The proposed timescale and process for the review would be as follows:-
- 27 March 2013: Officer report to General Purposes Committee
  - 10 April/17 April 2013: Extraordinary GP Committee/Council meeting
  - April 2013: Officers to consult with independent adviser to scope the review, research best practice, benchmarking, legal advice etc.



- April/May – Working Group to formulate recommendations
- Final proposals to General Purposes Committee 16<sup>th</sup> June and Council 26<sup>th</sup> June 2013.

## **9. OFFICER COMMENTS FROM COUNCIL REPORT OF 25<sup>TH</sup> JANUARY 2012**

- 9.1 As set out above, The Council has previously decided that a working group would be established comprising a representative of the Executive, the majority and the other political groups, senior officers and an independent adviser to undertake a review of the Council's budget making and virement arrangements and make recommendations.

## **10. COMMENTS OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

- 10.1. The report sets out options for the financial delegation limit set by Full Council. The main practical issues arising are set out in the report, as are the factors that the Committee should take into account in coming to a decision.
- 10.2. The process of transferring resources from one purpose to another ('virement') is a process normally concerned with the effective management of the Council's resources over the course of a year and is consequently normally an executive decision. Budget transfers which may have a significant policy implication are identified in Tower Hamlets' Constitution by setting a financial limit above which decisions are not delegated. Under all of the options set out in the report this would remain for Full Council at £1m.
- 10.3. Options 1 and 2 would delegate virements below the current threshold of £1m which are currently undertaken by the Mayor to a Committee of the Council, proposed to be General Purposes Committee. Under Option 2, the option to retain some delegation to the Mayor is available and this would be consistent with current practice and with statutory guidance.
- 10.4. Where a lower delegated limit is adopted, it is important that emergencies are properly catered for so that constitutional decisions can be taken without reference to Committee. In the absence of such provisions, and assuming that it is simply not possible in some instances not to respond to emergencies. Officers may find themselves in the position of having to take an unconstitutional decision in order to incur expenditure and this would be an unfair position in which to place officers.
- 10.5. The report contains comparative information on the practice of other London authorities and indicates that there are a variety of options for dealing with policy changes within the budget which it has not been possible to explore fully in the time available. The review that the Committee has commissioned should take account of these options and consequently the changes that the Committee

agrees to recommend to Council this evening should only be considered as temporary pending the wider ranging review.

## **11. CONCURRENT REPORT OF THE ASSISTANT CHIEF EXECUTIVE (LEGAL)**

- 11.1 In considering a review of the virement limits, there are a number of legal issues members need to consider.
- 11.2 The Council is under a statutory duty under section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 to make arrangements for the proper administration of financial affairs
- 11.3 In all its decision making the Council must act reasonably (usually called the Wednesbury reasonableness test arising from a 1947 case which remains good law). That test is
- in making that decision, has the decision making body taken into account factors that ought not to have been taken into account, or
  - did it fail to take into account factors that ought to have been taken into account, or
  - the decision was so unreasonable that no reasonable authority would ever consider imposing it.

Failure to act reasonably can result in a judicial review action being brought against the authority.

- 11.4. The Guidance referred to in paragraph 3.2 requires the Council to make reasonable provision to allow the executive to reallocate moneys within the budget or to allow the executive to make necessary urgent decisions without reference to full Council. This is guidance and does not have the force of law but the Council is obliged to have due regard to it and to comply with it unless there is good reason (which must be stated) for any significant departure from it.
- 11.5 The Council previously decided to set up a working group to review the limits and this would provide an opportunity to
- compare the limits with other boroughs who have a similar sized budget and
  - consider the guidance in paragraph 3.2
  - take into account best practice in setting virement limits.

This would enable the working group to devise reasoned proposals for consideration by full Council. It would also ensure that all necessary factors are taken into account so the Wednesbury reasonableness test can be satisfied

## **12. IMPLICATIONS FOR ONE TOWER HAMLETS**

- 12.1 There are no direct One Tower Hamlets implications arising from the matters covered in this report.

### **13. RISK MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS**

- 13.1 Appropriate virement arrangements and financial procedures play a key part in the avoidance of risk by enabling flexibility for the council to respond quickly to service and other needs.

### **14. STRATEGIC ACTION FOR A GREENER ENVIRONMENT (SAGE)**

- 14.1 There are no direct SAGE implications arising from the matters covered in this report.

### **15. IMPLICATIONS FOR THE REDUCTION OF CRIME AND DISORDER**

- 15.1 There are no direct implications for the reduction of crime and disorder arising from the matters covered in this report.

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#### **LIST OF “BACKGROUND PAPERS” USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS REPORT**

**Brief description of “background paper”**

**Name and telephone number of holder and address where open to inspection**

No unpublished background papers have been relied upon to a material extent in the preparation of this report.



## Appendix A

### NEW COUNCIL CONSTITUTIONS: GUIDANCE TO ENGLISH AUTHORITIES (EXTRACT)

#### “MOVING MONIES BETWEEN BUDGETARY ALLOCATIONS

- 2.40 Once the budget has been adopted by the full council, the executive will need to be able to respond quickly to changing circumstances which might require reallocation of funds from one service to another. A local authority's standing orders or financial rules/regulations will need, therefore, to include reasonable provision to allow the executive to reallocate monies within the budget. These provisions will also need to allow for situations where the executive needs to make an urgent decision which would otherwise be contrary to the budget without reference to the full council (see below).
- 2.41 The Secretary of State recommends that provisions in a local authority's standing orders or financial rules/regulations should enable the executive to take any decision which is contrary to or not wholly in accordance with the budget or the capital plan providing that any additional costs incurred can be offset by additional (unforeseen) income, contingency funds ('reserves' and 'balances') or savings from elsewhere within the budgetary allocations to functions which are the responsibility of the executive. The Secretary of State advises that provisions in a local authority's standing orders or financial rules/regulations should not enable the executive to incur additional expenditure which cannot be offset in these ways without reference to the full council.
- 2.42 Local authorities will need to consider whether an upper limit to such virement should be set (either as an absolute amount or as a percentage of the budgetary allocations involved). Local authorities may also wish to consider different upper limits for different service allocations particularly where funds are ring-fenced, e.g. by central Government. The upper limit(s) for urgent decisions will usually need to be set higher than for non-urgent decisions.
- 2.43 In setting such limits local authorities should take account of the provisions in the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 which require that if the executive is minded to determine a matter contrary to or not wholly in accordance with the budget/capital plan and any provisions made in standing orders or financial rules/regulations that decision must be taken by the full council. Therefore, if in its standing orders or financial rules/regulations the local authority sets the executive's freedoms too narrowly this will require very many full council meetings.

2.44

In addition, a local authority's standing orders or financial rules/regulations should include mechanisms for moving monies between budgetary allocations for functions which are the responsibility of the executive and budgetary allocations for functions which are not the responsibility of the executive."

## Appendix B

### London Boroughs – Virement rules relating to Full Council

#### Key

BPF = Budget & Policy Framework

Authority	Full Council Limit	Up to this level	
Barking & Dagenham	None - BPF only	Cabinet	
Barnet	Lower of 10% of Directorate budget or £2.5m		
Bexley	£1,000,000		
Brent	None - BPF only	Officers	
Bromley	N/K		
Camden	N/K		
Croydon	None - BPF only		
Ealing	N/K		
Enfield	N/K		
Greenwich	N/K		
Hackney	None - BPF only	Cabinet	*
Hammersmith & Fulham	None - BPF only	Cabinet	
Haringey	None - BPF only	Cabinet	
Harrow	Any permanent virement which creates an ongoing financial commitment over and above the approved budget. Any temporary virement over £500,000	Cabinet	
Havering	None - BPF only	Cabinet	
Hillingdon	£250,000		
Hounslow	None - BPF only	Officers/ Cabinet Member	
Islington	None - BPF only	Executive	
Kensington & Chelsea	None - BPF only	Cabinet	
Kingston	None - BPF only	Policy & Resources Cttee (£100k)	
Lambeth	£500,000	Cabinet/ Committee/ Officers	
Lewisham	£500,000	Executive Directors	*
Merton	None - BPF only		
Newham	£500,000	Executive	*
Redbridge	None - BPF only	Cabinet	
Richmond	250,000	Cabinet	

Southwark	£10,000,000	Cabinet	
Sutton	None - BPF only	Strategy & Resources Cttee (£500k)	
Tower Hamlets	£1,000,000	Mayor	*
Waltham Forest	N/K		
Wandsworth	Over 50% of forecast reserves	Executive	
Westminster	None - BPF only	Leader or Cabinet	

\* Authorities operating a Mayoral model of government

### Summary table

No limit – BPF rules apply	15
£10m	1
£2.5m	1
£1m	2
£500k	3
£250k	2
£0k	1
Other	1
	26



APPENDIX C

Proposed temporary amendments to the Council’s Constitution to facilitate revised Virement arrangements

*(Revised wording in italics)*

Section of Constitution	Proposed amendments to apply until 26 <sup>th</sup> June 2013		
	Option 1 (Virement limit of £200k)	Option 2 (Virement limit of between £250k-£1m)	Option 3 (Virement limit of £1m)
Part 3.3.6 – General Purposes Committee	<p>Insert new function (vi):- <i>“On behalf of the Council to approve any proposal made by the Executive or a Chief Officer in accordance with the Financial Procedure Rules for a virement of money in excess of £200k. The Committee may at its discretion refer any such virement to the full Council for decision.”</i></p> <p>Renumber remaining paragraphs as (vii) and (viii).</p>	<p>Insert new function (vi):- <i>“On behalf of the Council to approve any proposal made by the Executive or a Chief Officer in accordance with the Financial Procedure Rules for a virement of money in excess of [insert sum proposed between £250k and £1m]. The Committee may at its discretion refer any such virement to the full Council for decision.”</i></p> <p>Renumber remaining paragraphs as (vii) and (viii).</p>	No change required
Part 3.9.1 – Scheme of Management: Part A - Corporate Delegations Other matters Part 7 ‘Managing Budgets’:	Part 7 ‘Managing Budgets’. Amend the notes to item 7.3 ‘Authorising virements between approved service budgets’ to read: <i>“Up to £200k under delegated authority.”</i>	No change required	No change required
Part 4.6 – Financial Procedure Rules. Section 3 ‘Virement Rules’	<p>3.3.1: Amend to read:- <i>“All individual virement proposals that exceed £200k require the approval of the Council or a committee to which the Council may from time to time delegate this function.”</i></p> <p>3.3.2 Delete this paragraph [which</p>	<p>3.3.1: Amend to read:- <i>“All individual virement proposals that exceed [insert sum proposed between £250k and £1m] require the approval of the Council or a committee to which the Council may from time to time delegate this function.”</i></p>	No change required (unless the committee wishes to include the proposed new emergency power at 3.6 for this option)

	<p>currently provides that ‘Individual virements between £250k and £1m must be reported to the Cabinet for decision.’]</p> <p>3.3.3: Amend to read:- “Individual virements below £200k can be authorised by the <i>Mayor or</i> relevant Chief Officer provided that any virement so authorised <i>by a Chief Officer</i> which exceeds £100k must be subsequently reported to the Cabinet for noting.”</p> <p>Insert new para 3.6:- “Emergency powers of the Head of Paid Service: - The Head of Paid Service may authorise a virement of any amount where it appears to him that this is necessary to ensure public safety or to protect the interest of the Council or the borough. Any virement agreed by the Head of Paid Service in accordance with this provision shall be reported for information to the next Ordinary Council Meeting including the amount of the virement, the budget heads affected and the reason(s) for urgency.</p>	<p>3.3.2 If the sum proposed is in excess of £250k, amend to read:- “Individual virements between £250k and <i>[insert sum proposed]</i> must be reported to the Cabinet for decision.’ Otherwise, delete the paragraph.</p> <p>3.3.3: Amend to read:- “Individual virements below £250k can be authorised by the <i>Mayor or</i> relevant Chief Officer provided that any virement so authorised <i>by a Chief Officer</i> which exceeds £100k must be subsequently reported to the Cabinet for noting.”</p> <p>Insert new para 3.6:- “Emergency powers of the Head of Paid Service: - The Head of Paid Service may authorise a virement of any amount where it appears to him that this is necessary to ensure public safety or to protect the interest of the Council or the borough. Any virement agreed by the Head of Paid Service in accordance with this provision shall be reported for information to the next Ordinary Council Meeting including the amount of the virement, the budget heads affected and the reason(s) for urgency.</p>	
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**LONDON BOROUGH OF TOWER HAMLETS**

**COUNCIL MEETING**

**WEDNESDAY 17<sup>th</sup> APRIL 2013 – AGENDA ITEM 11.1**

**CALENDAR OF MEETINGS 2013/14**

**REPORT OF THE SERVICE HEAD, DEMOCRATIC SERVICES**

**UPDATE TO THE PROPOSED CALENDAR OF MEETINGS**

**1. Updated list of Committee Dates**

1.1 Following further consultation a small number of changes to the draft calendar have been proposed. Attached is an updated Calendar of Meetings including the changes which for clarity are also listed below:

- Strategic Development Committee
  - Thu 6 June 2013 move to Thu 13 June 2013
  - Thu 27 Feb 2014 to Tue 25 Feb 2014
  - Thu 3 Apr 2014 to Thu 10 Apr 2014
- Human Resources Committee
  - Thu 4 July 2013 to Tue 2 July 2013
- Licensing Sub-Committee
  - Thu 25 July 2013 to Tue 23 July 2013
  - Thu 3 Oct 2013 to Tue 1 Oct 2013
  - Tue 25 Feb 2014 to Tue 4 Mar 2014
  - Thu 24 Apr 2014 to Tue 22 Apr 2014
- General Purposes Committee
  - Thu 26 Sept 2013 to Wed 25 Sept 2013
- Pensions Committee (and Investment Panel)
  - Thu 27 Feb 2014 to Tue 25 Feb 2014

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## CALENDAR OF MEETINGS FOR THE 2013/2014 MUNICIPAL YEAR

	USUAL MEETING DAY	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL
<b>Audit Committee</b>	<b>7.00 pm Tuesday</b>		<b>25</b>			<b>17</b>			<b>17</b>			<b>18</b>				
<b>Cabinet</b>	<b>5.30 pm Wednesday</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3 24</b>		<b>11</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>28*</b>	<b>25*</b>	
<b>Council</b>	<b>7.30 pm Wednesday</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>			<b>18</b>		<b>27</b>		<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>6 (Thu)% 26</b>		<b>14 (AGM) *</b>	<b>11 (AGM) *</b>	
<b>Development Committee</b>	<b>7.00 pm Wednesday</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>17 (5.30 pm)</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>12 (Thu)</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>14 (Thu)</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>Appeals/Sub Committee</b>	<b>6.30 pm Monday</b>	<b>14 (Tue)</b>	<b>10, 24</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>16</b>	
<b>General Purposes Committee</b>	<b>7.00 pm Wednesday</b>		<b>17 (Mon)</b>			<b>25</b>			<b>18</b>			<b>19</b>				
<b>Health Scrutiny Panel</b>	<b>6.30 pm Tuesday</b>		<b>11</b>			<b>3</b>		<b>19</b>		<b>28</b>		<b>11</b>				
<b>Human Resources Committee</b>	<b>7.30 pm Wednesday</b>			<b>2 (Tue)</b>			<b>30</b>			<b>29</b>		<b>12</b>				
<b>King George's Field Charity Board</b>	<b>6.30 pm Wednesday</b>		<b>12</b>				<b>16</b>			<b>29</b>		<b>19</b>				
<b>Licensing Committee</b>	<b>7.00 pm Tuesday</b>		<b>4</b>				<b>8</b>		<b>10</b>			<b>11</b>				

	USUAL MEETING DAY	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL
Licensing Sub Committee	6.30 pm Tuesday or Thursday	2 (Thu) 16 (Thu) 30 (Thu)	11 25	16 23	6 20	3 17	1 17 (Thu) 29	12 26	12 (Thu) 19 (Thu)	14 28	11	4 13 (Thu) 25	8 22	8 (Thu) 20	3 17	1
Overview & Scrutiny Committee	7.30 pm Tuesday	7	4	2 23 (5.30 pm)		10	1	5	3	7 20 (Mon) ^	4	4	1	27*	24*	
Pensions Committee	6.30 pm Thursday		13			19		14			25 (Tue)					
Standards (Advisory) Committee	7.30 pm Tuesday		18				24 (Thu)			14		18				
Strategic Development Committee	7.00 pm Thursday		13	18 (5.30 pm)	29		10	21		9	25 (Tue)		10	15		3
Tower Hamlets Health and Wellbeing Board	Dates set by the Board		20 (Thu)			30 (Mon)			19 (Thu)							

### Key to Symbols

\* These dates are dependent on the date of the 2014 local elections

^ Additional Overview and Scrutiny Meeting specifically to consider the draft budget proposals

% Provisional second budget Council date if budget not agreed at first meeting

### NOTES:

- OTHER MEETINGS including Appointments Sub-Committee arranged on an ad hoc basis as required. Investment Panel meetings will be scheduled on the same day as Pensions Committee (after Pensions Committee on 13 June and before it on the other dates)
- BUDGET & COUNCIL TAX SETTING: Statutory deadline 10<sup>th</sup> March. Date of meeting set to enable receipt of GLA precept information.
- ELECTIONS: Local Government Elections – 1<sup>st</sup> May 2014 or combined with European Elections (likely 22<sup>nd</sup> May 2014)
- RAMADAN provisional dates: 9<sup>th</sup> July 2013 – 8<sup>th</sup> August 2013 (to be confirmed) and 18<sup>th</sup> June – 17<sup>th</sup> July 2014 (to be confirmed)
- ROSH HASHANAH - 5<sup>th</sup> & 6<sup>th</sup> September 2013; YOM KIPPUR – 14<sup>th</sup> September 2013
- EID-UL-ADHA provisional date: 15<sup>th</sup> October 2012, ASHURA: 13<sup>th</sup> November 2012
- EASTER 2013: Good Friday 18<sup>th</sup> April 2014, Easter Monday 21<sup>st</sup> April 2014.